

Graduate students taking STAT 5084 should complete some “grad problems” over the course of the semester. There will be around six of these problems, and you’ll need to do a good job on half of them.

In this problem, you write code to fit an MA(1) model to data.

Suppose you are given a time series y_1, \dots, y_T . An MA(1) series is described by $y_t = \epsilon_t + \theta\epsilon_{t-1}$ where ϵ is white noise with variance σ^2 . Rewriting as $\epsilon_t = y_t - \theta\epsilon_{t-1}$ gives a method for computing ϵ_t inductively, assuming some value for ϵ_0 .

1. Write a function that takes a time series y and a guess θ and computes the SSE for the MA(1) model with the given θ . That is, compute values $\epsilon_1, \dots, \epsilon_T$ (assuming $\epsilon_0 = 0$), then return the value $\sum_{t=1}^T \epsilon_t^2$.
2. Simulate an MA(1) series with $\theta = 0.5$. Compute the SSE for evenly spaced values of $\theta \in [0.2, 0.7]$ and plot the resulting values. Is the minimum close to the actual value of 0.5?
3. Create a function that fits an MA(1) model to a given time series by choosing θ to minimize the SSE. You can use the built-in `optimize` function to numerically seek the minimum for your SSE function. Check it on a variety of simulated MA(1) series, and see that it recovers values of $\theta \in (-1, 1)$.
4. Center the built-in series `Nile` by subtracting its mean. Use your function to fit an MA(1) model to the zero-centered `Nile` series. Compare your value of θ to the one given by `arma(Nile, order = c(0,0,1))`.